

Abstract

An image sensing module comprises an imaging sensing component and a lens arranged on the image sensing component. The lens is fastened with the image sensing component through adhesion or by using a fastener. Through the function of the lens, incident light will pass through the lens and then be detected by the photosensitive plane of the image sensing component. The size and shape of the lens are properly chosen to adjust the optical system used by the image sensing module. The image sensing module can apply to digital image products such as scanners and digital still cameras. Image distortion can be effectively improved, and the volume of applicable digital image products can be properly shrunk, hence accomplishing the effect of miniaturization of digital image products.